### Group 1

## State of the Art/Science

Questions - what do we need models for?

- Risk analysis (stochastic) from facility/operations to release scenario to habitats at risk [response planning, equipment staging, response analysis] [mostly short term]
- Where is it going? How long to get there? What's it look like? (persistence, disp, etc.)
- What's going to get impacted/effects? (concern)
- Mass balance

#### Rivers (floating)

- Oil/sediment interactions
- Non-buoyant
- Impacts: f(data)

#### Estuaries

- Oil/sediment different coefficients (horizontal, vertical)
- Wetting/drying
- Droplet size distribution

#### Coastal Nearshore

- Nontidal/episodic currents
- Shoreline retention (holding capacity)
- Waves (Stokes, Langmuir)

Inland – Oilmap land (3D) – always can be improved

Offshore (off the shelf)

- Model level of complexity vs. ephermeral data collection
- Response & detection so difficult

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• Not clear - better models would make a difference (priority = detection)

#### Group 1

### Future

- Better visualization of present capabilities (3D, 4D)
- GIS interface and/or other interface
- Improved hydrodynamics
- Improved wind forecast
- Improved biology (abundance, life stage, diversity, taxa)
- Improved toxicity (0-96 hr)
- Using observational data (HF Radar)
- Function of F & T models with other models (more open source, standards)
- Better parameterizations of processes (i.e., waves)

## Uncertainty

- Propagation
- Sensitivity analysis to help focus on inputs needed and/or research priorities
- Integration of optical satellite imagery for observations & other sensors for data
- Challenge of cost effective models
- More transparency in model assumptions, parameters & defaults (can model write out assumptions?)
- Should we get to the point where we don't need a modeler to run a model? (no, we can, we shouldn't)
- Economic models (recreational/discounted losses, \$\$ values), closures
- Non-grid size dependent concentrations

#### Group 1

## **Research Questions**

- 1. Do we need a comparative model analysis to really capture "State of the Art"?
- 2. Can we rank importance of different applications of modeling? (i.e., estuary vs offshore)
- 3. How do we move recent/ongoing research into modeling capabilities (i.e., flocculation, oil sediment interactions)
- 4. How do we scale wave tank/lab studies to the field or to other studies?
- 5. Visibility How do we optimize the data we collect and how we implement the model? (minimum = 0 data, all uncertainty)
- 6. Predicting droplet size distribution f(de/dt)

- 7. Representative species (toxicity studies) for short term exp (0-48)
- 8. Oil sediment interactions
- 9. Sub surface/submerged oil F & T
- 10. Better wetting & drying
- 11. Better representation of wave mechanics (wind induced behavior-like LC)

#### Group 2

# Response Forecast Decisions/Specific Incidents in Real-time

- I. State of the Art: Models & Observations together works well in shortterm
- II. Limited by: Input Data
  - winds
  - currents
  - dispersion coefficients (sub-scale)
- III. Research Needs:
  - Real time data assimilation
  - Emulsification mechanistic algorithms [feeds back to other process]
  - Resurfacing of droplets
  - Sediment interactions
  - Uncertainty characterization
  - Visualization & presentation of results
  - Verification/monitoring (techniques)

#### Group 2

## Response Planning (cost benefit & ecological risk)

- I. State of the Art: Models & Observations together works well in short-term
  - Probabalistic approach (Monte Carlo)
  - Good reliable tools
  - Not used as much as could/should
- II. Limited by:
  - Level of effort /client base
  - Understanding by users
- III. Research Needs:
  - Education of potential users
  - Synthesis and presentation of results
    - o Visualization
      - o Statistics / Uncertainty
      - o Executive summary
  - Perform analyses to answer general questions
    - o Dispersant decision (e.g.)

#### Group 2

### NRDA Hindcast

#### I. State-of-the-art:

- Models for short-term effects exist
- No models for:
  - o Long-term effects on population
  - o Ecosystem level effects
  - o Recovery
- II. Limitations: Input Data
  - Short (<24 hr) term toxicity
  - Long-term effects
  - Population & ecosystem effects
  - Recovery rates
  - Biological densities (pre-spill baseline)
- III. Research Needs:
  - Uncertainty analysis
  - Display of Results & Communication
  - Input data list
  - Validation collect data in spills
  - Monitoring in long-term injury
    - o injury
    - o restoration success

#### Group 3

# State of the Art / Future / Research Needs

2D: Oil Fate OK except for emulsification

- need measures of uncertainty
- need quick analysis of oil samples

3D: Need N-F systems, including input data

- Vertical dispersion coefficients table
- SOTAR oil particle size distribution (surface & bottom) *f*oil type, environmental conditions

Need some (better than fluorometer) clever solution for monitoring underwater hydrocarbons

• Statistical analysis for sampling plan – generic – be modified during emergency]

Oil in ice – needs work (on-going)

Oil sediment interactions SOTAR

- Research underway
- Needs to be incorporated into models

Adaptive control of AUV (with Colin)

SAS HC Sensor (Synthetic Operative Sonar, Carl Brown)

Langmuir Circulation SOTAR

Biology

- Need short term exposure tests external CROSERF work?
  O Use <96 hour tests</li>
- Marine mammals & dispersed oil
- o How are marine mammals affected by dispersed oil? (Marine Sanctuary punch-back)
  - Distribution & behavior of biota
    - o Effects of NRDA need better distribution exposure
  - Human health
    - o Air plume Exxon 300ppm to 100 ppm